



We dug below the first cliff band and found 7' of snow, the bottom 2' consisting of weak facets. A Deep Tap Test showed a clean shear at this interface. An avalanche could be triggered by 3 ways: more load from snowfall or wet avalanche debris, melt-water percolating through the snowpack to the facets, or human triggering from a thin spot. Photo: GNFAAC

Advisory Region

Bridger Range

Longitude

-110.94W

Latitude

45.79N

Bridger Range, 2024-03-19